



A Deep Dive Into Forever Chemical Dark Matter



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Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) are a complex chemical family of thousands of individual compounds. An in-depth characterization of highly variable PFAS composition - with a focus on yet unknown polyfluorinated “dark matter” - is critical to advance our understanding of potentially adverse environmental and human health impacts of these “forever” PFAS compounds.

For the first time, researchers used the MagLab’s unique ultrahigh resolution Fourier-Transform Ion Cyclotron Resonance Mass Spectrometers to shed light on the complex PFAS dark matter in a commercial firefighting foam sample, identifying hundreds of known and previously unknown PFAS. To take full advantage of the unrivaled mass resolving power these instruments provide, we developed both a suspect and a nontargeted screening approach using a custom-made fluorocarbon formula database, isotopologue analysis, and Kendrick-analogous mass difference networks.

This newly developed analytical approach has great potential to take the assessment of PFAS transport, transformation, exposure, uptake, and source attribution to the next level. The next steps for the research team are to collect additional structural information on newly discovered PFAS, to perform a reconnaissance studies on various environmental matrices, and to identify product-specific and source-specific marker compounds.

Facilities and instrumentation used: Ion Cyclotron Resonance (9.4 T and 21 T FT-ICR MS)

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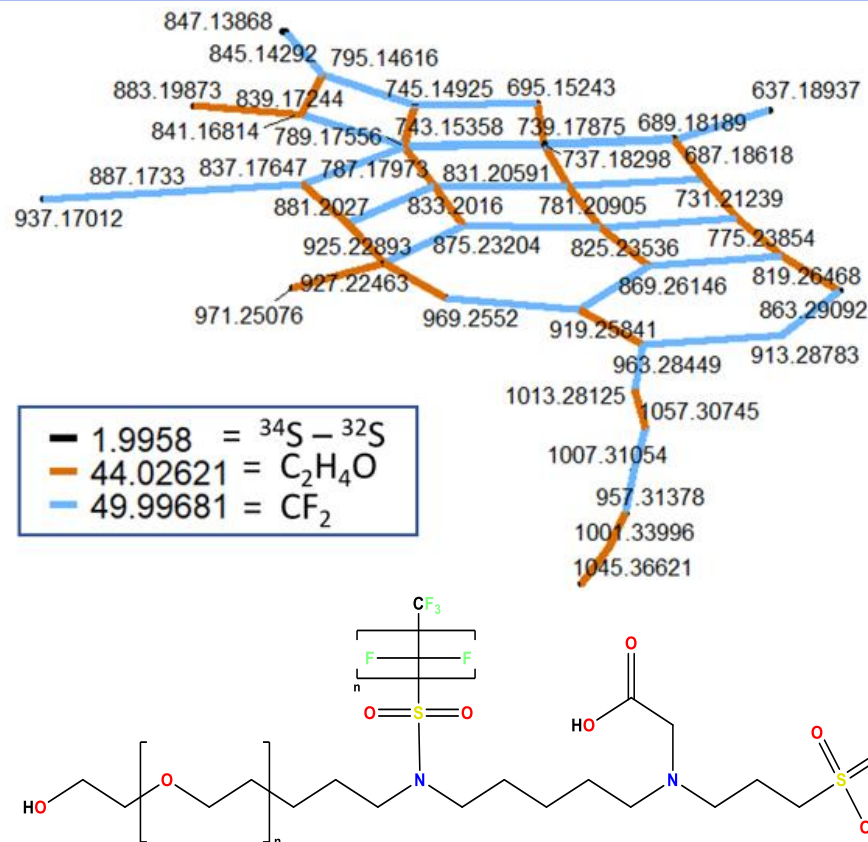


Figure: (Top) Network diagram suggesting the presence of sulfur-containing (black) PFAS chemicals with a range of perfluoroalkyl (CF_2 , blue) and ethoxy ($\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}$, orange) chain lengths. (Bottom) A possible chemical structure to explain these data.